SDS Number: 4900304 Revision Date: 3/5/2024 SAP Number:



Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers Medical/Poison Control:

In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222

Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center

Transportation/National Response Center:

> 1-800-535-50531-3 52-323-3500

NOTE: The National ResponseCenter emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this SDS are further described in Section 16.

1. Identification

Product Name: Knock Down Water Based Spray Texture **Revision Date:**

070798500105, 070798500204 2/9/2023 **Product UPC Number:** Supercedes Date:

DAP Global Inc. Manufactured For

2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723

888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)

SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com

Emergency Telephone: 1-800-535-5053. 1-352-323-3500. 1-800-222-1222

3/5/2024

Product Use/Class: Spackling Compound

4900304 SDS No:

Regulatory and Environmental Preparer:

Affairs

2. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: CAUTION! Removal of this product after use or by dry sanding will generate dust and exposure to this dust may be irritating to the eyes, ears, nose and mouth. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture can. Exposure to temperatures above 120 'F may cause can to rupture.

GHS Classification

Carc. 1A, Eye Irrit. 2A, Fl Aer, 1, Gas under Pressure, Comp. Gas, Skin Irrit. 2

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

Possible Hazards

61% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

H222 Flammable Aerosol, category 1 Extremely flammable aerosol. SDS Number: 4900304 SAP Number: Revision Date: 3/5/2024

Compressed Gas H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irritation, category 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H350

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Carcinogenicity, category 1A

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

May cause cancer.

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing.

P405 Store locked up.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt. %	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Limestone	1317-65-3	30-60	GHS07	H315-319
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	7-13	No Information	No Information
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	1-5	GHS07	H315-335
Talc (non-asbestiform)	14807-96-6	1-5	No Information	No Information
Magnesite	546-93-0	0.5-1.5	GHS07	H315-319
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H335-351
Respirable crytalline silica	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H332-350-370-372

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water for 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Vapor can ignite potentially causing an explosion.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

6. Accidental Release Measures

ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: No Information

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: NOTE: Review fire hazards before proceeding with clean up. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Read all product instructions before using. Personal

protective equipment should include impervious gloves, protective eye wear, and suitable work clothes. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Remove all sources of ignition. Make sure nozzle is directed away from yourself prior to discharge. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid heat, sparks and open flames. Wear appropriate personal protection. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Do not breathe dust. Removal of this product after use will result in the generation of Dust. If dry-sanded, exposure to dust may result in the build-up of material in eyes, ears, nose, and mouth which may cause irritation. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Vapor can ignite potentially causing an explosion. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Store away from sources of ignition and heat. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120 °F (49 °C). Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers tightly closed.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits				
Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH-TLV STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Limestone	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction	N.E.
Dimethyl ether	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Calcium Carbonate	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Talc (non-asbestiform)	2 mg/m3 TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter	N.E.	20 mppcf TWA if 1% Quartz or more, use Quartz limit	, ,
Magnesite	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium dioxide	0.2 mg/m3 TWA nanoscale respirable particulate matter, 2.5 mg/m3 TWA finescale respirable particulate matter	N.E.	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust	N.E.
Respirable crytalline silica	0.025 mg/m3 TWA respirable particulate matter	N.E.	50 μg/m3 TWA Respirable crystalline silica	N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

Notes

14808-60-7 The 2002 ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents lists the median Respirable Particulate Mass (RPM) point for crystalline silica at 4.0 microns in terms of the particle's aerodynamic diameter.

The TLVs for crystalline silica represent the respirable fraction.

OSHA PEL TWA for Quartz is calculated using the following formula: 10 mg/m3/(% SiO2 + 2). Both concentration and percent quartz for the application of this limit are to be determined from the fraction passing a size selector with the following characteristics.

Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere)	Percent passing selector
12	.1
2.5	.i
3.5	
5.0	. 25
10	.jj

14808-60-7 Crystalline ilica is a specially regulated substance for which an OSHA chemical-specific exposure standard exits. Detailed information regarding this substance may be found in 29 CFR 1910.1053. Medical surveillance information regarding this substance may be found in Appendix C to 29 CFR 1910.1053.

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. If concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor is exceeded, use of a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. Use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator if dry sanded. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m3) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.



SKIN PROTECTION: Wear protective gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Not required under normal use.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SDS Number: 4900304 Revision Date: 3/5/2024 SAP Number:

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Color: White Appearance: Aerosol Odor: Slight **Physical State:** Aerosol Density, g/cm3: 1.37 - 1.39Odor Threshold: Not Established Freeze Point, °C: Not Established Not Applicable pH: Solubility in Water: Viscosity (mPa.s): Not Aplicable Not Established Decomposition Temperature, °C: Not Established Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water: Not Established

N.A. Aerosol, foam. Boiling Range, °C: **Explosive Limits, %:** N.F.

Flash Point, °C:

Aerosol or foam, not Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C Not Established

applicable. Vapor Pressure, mmHg: Not Established Not Applicable

Evaporation Rate: Faster Than n-Butyl Acetate Flash Method:

Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air Combustible Dust: Does not support combustion

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not burn or use a cutting torch on the empty container. Excessive heat or flames, incompatible substances. Excessive heat and freezing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Above 1450 degree C: SO2 and CaO.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Dust from dry sanding may cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury. Ingestion may result in obstruction when material hardens.

CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of guartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust may cause lung damage. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica which ,if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or nonasbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u> 1317-65-3	<u>Chemical Name</u> Limestone	Oral LD50 6450 mg/kg Rat	<u>Dermal LD50</u> N.I.	Vapor LC50 N.I.
115-10-6	Dimethyl ether	>2000 mg/kg	>2000 mg/kg	N.I.
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate	6450 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.
14807-96-6	Talc (non-asbestiform)	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.
546-93-0	Magnesite	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
14808-60-7	Respirable crytalline silica	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.

N.I. = No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Residues and spilled material are hazardous waste due to ignitability. Contents under pressure. Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not empty into drains. Do not re-use empty containers. The container for this product can present explosion or fire hazards, even when emptied. To avoid risk of injury, do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container. Before disposing of containers, relieve container of any remaining product and pressure. Empty cylinders, once relieved of all pressure, can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: NOTE: Review fire hazards before proceeding with clean up. Immediately eliminate sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Read all product instructions before using. Personal protective equipment should include impervious gloves, protective eye wear, and suitable work clothes. Scrape up dried material and place into containers.

14. Transport Information

DOT UN/NA Number: UN1950

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

DOT Technical Name: N.A.

DOT Hazard Class: 2.1 Flammable gas

Hazard SubClass: N.A.
Packing Group: N.A.

SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS: No Information

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Gas under pressure, Carcinogenicity, Skin Corrosion or Irritation, Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

Revision Date: 3/5/2024 Supersedes Date: 2/9/2023

Reason for revision: Product Composition Changed

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):

01 - Product Information02 - Hazards Identification05 - Flammability Information

08 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection 09 - Physical & Chemical Information

15 - Regulatory Information16 - Other Information

Substance Regulatory CAS Number Changed Substance Hazardous Flag Changed Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed

Revision Statement(s) Changed

Datasheet produced by: Regulatory Department

HMIS Ratings:

Health:Flammability:Reactivity:Personal Protection:130X

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L: 302.7

VOC Material, g/L: 162

VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%: 10.12

VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%: 11.8

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs Classi

H370 Causes damage to organs. Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans

and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects

senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

GHS07

11045







Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

We believe the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.